







## **Top 4 Contributing Factors for Outbreaks in Restaurants**

- Sick food worker contaminates ready-to-eat food through bare-hand contact.
- Sick food worker contaminates food through a method other than hand contact, such as with a utensil they contaminated.





# **Top 4 Contributing Factors for Outbreaks in Restaurants**

- Sick food worker contaminates ready-to-eat food through glove-hand contact.
- Food handling practices lead to growth of pathogens, such as food not kept cold enough.

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/ehs/publications/cf-infographic.html





#### **Glove Use: When**

Except when washing fruits and vegetables, food employees may not contact exposed, ready-to-eat food with their bare hands and shall use suitable utensils such as deli tissue, spatulas, tongs, single-use gloves, or dispensing equipment.



#### FOOD CODE GUIDANCE

#### **Glove Use: When**

Food employees shall minimize bare hand and arm contact with exposed food that is not in a ready-to-eat form.



#### FOOD CODE GUIDANCE

### **Definition: Ready-to-Eat**

- Means that the food is in a form that is edible WITHOUT additional preparation to achieve food safety.
- May receive additional preparation for palatability or aesthetic, epicurean, gastronomic, or culinary purposes.

FOOD CODE GUIDANCE

- Raw fruits and vegetables
- · Spices, seasonings, sugar
- · Bakery items—bread, cakes, pies, fillings, icing
- Products that have had a heat treatment: dry, fermented sausages; ham; dried meat products such as jerky or bacon bits
- Cheeses

**READY-TO-EAT FOOD EXAMPLES** 























Poll: What kind of gloves do you use?

- Nitrile
- Latex
- Synthetic vinyl
- Hybrid
- Poly

Poll: Do you have more than one kind of glove in your operation?

- Yes
- No











- Wear gloves for handling ready-to-eat foods—**ALWAYS**
- Wash hands before putting on gloves
  Using proper method For appropriate time
- Select the proper size of glove
- Select the appropriate type of glove

#### SUMMARY:

DO'S

Change gloves between tasks

Change gloves if there are tears or rips

Wear gloves over bandages, finger cots, or finger stalls

Place glove box where it can't be easily contaminated

SUMMARY:

DO'S

- Blow into the gloves to make them easier to put on
- Handle the gloves except by the cuff
- Put gloves back in the box
- Use gloves that have dropped onto the counter top or floor
- Place glove boxes so that they can easily fall

### SUMMARY:

















